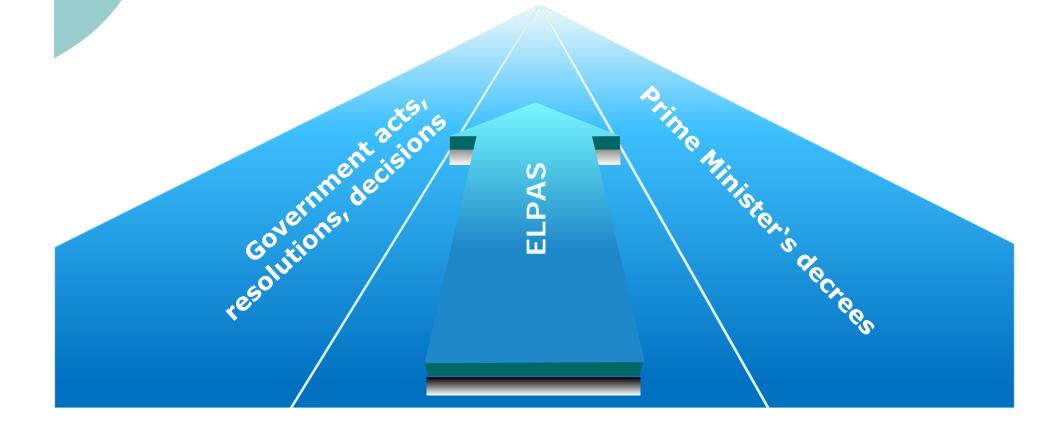




2011

ELPAS – eSignature system of the Lithuanian Government



Targeted goals:

- Reduce time for issuance of legal acts
- Improve Government decision delivery process
- Save mailing costs
- Save transport costs
- Reduce staff requirements

Context: legislation

ISO

ETSI

CEN CWA

Standards

Human readable electronic document ADOC

Machine readable electronic document MDOC

Technical specifications

For certification service providers

For electronic signature equipment

For electronic documents management

Regulations & requirements

Civil Code

Documents and Archives Law

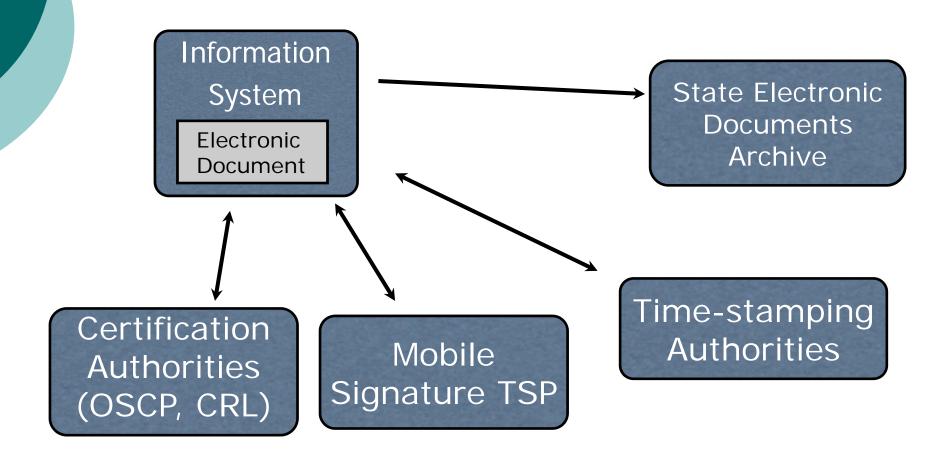
Electronic Signature Law

Laws

Context: ADOC specification

- Approved in 2009 by Office of the Chief Archivist of Lithuania
 - Mandatory for government institutions
 - Recommended for civil and business use
- Defines electronic document model
 - ...for human readable documents
 - ...based on open international standards
 - ...independent from software vendors
- Awarded Lithuanian Strategic Innovation of 2010

Context: infrastructure



From legislation to application

Legislation

Specifications

Regulations

Laws

Application

Services

Information systems

Libraries & products

Trusted service providers

Certification authorities

Authorities

Infrastructure

Before ELPAS

- Legal acts were physically transported between Prime Minister's Office and ministries
- Waiting for minister's signature
- Collecting legal acts for Prime Minister's signatures
- Taking to registration

Before ELPAS

- Need for cover letter
- Physical sending/delivering to the Parliament, President's Office and Official Journal
- Scanning/converting to PDF, sending to other institutions

After installation of ELPAS

- PMO civil servant saves an edited document in the system and submits for signing for everybody in described order
- The system notifies signatories immediately by e-mail
- Signing when and where it is convenient (should be Internet connection)

After installation of ELPAS

- Registration, automatic pdf version (with Nr. and date)
- Immediate sending to Parliament, Presiden's Office, Oficial Journal, legal acts registry

Infrastructure used:

- Civil servant's certificates
- Civil servant's registry
- Time stamping
- Divisions of personal

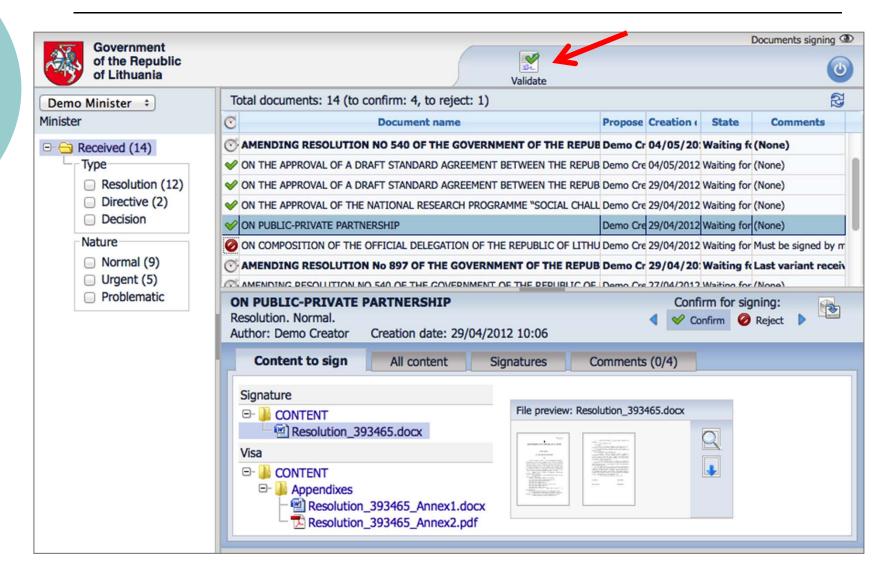
Results achieved:

- More efficient issuance process no walking between ministries and PMO
- More efficient exchange (no cover letters)
- Savings no physical transportation, no posting (Parliament, President's Office, Official Journal, registry of documents, National archives (2011 documents already in the archive))
- Convenience

Key characteristics

- Certificate based authentication
- Quick preview before signing
- Batch signing
- Time stamping and long term preservation
- Documents registration and distribution
- Transfer to the National Electronic Documents Archive

Optimized interface for signatories



Numbers and facts

- Near 300 users
 - Prime Minister, ministers, vice-ministers, chancellors, ordinary civil servants
- Almost 3000 documents
 - Government acts, resolutions, decisions, and Prime Minister's decrees
- Over 10 000 signatures
 - All ready for long term preservation
- 2011 documents already in National Archive

Conclusions

- Key factors for successful adoption of electronic documents
 - Legislation and infrastructure
 - User-friendly solutions
 - Political will
 - Public-private sector collaboration